



SERVICEMEMBER AGRICULTURAL VOCATION EDUCATION (SAVE)

Monthly Newsletter

Volume 02 | Issue 07 | Servicemember Agricultural Vocation Education

Announcement

“We remember those who were called upon to give all a person can give, and we remember those who were prepared to make that sacrifice if it were demanded of them in the line of duty....”

Ronald Regan

40th President of the United States of America

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Stand-To Match Day

Thursday, November 11, 2021

Stand-To Match Day provides an opportunity for growth for participating organizations that strive to do good works and an opportunity for the community to support these causes. On this day, donations made through the Armed Forces Community Foundation to participating funds will receive a 50% match that can be used for their most crucial needs.

Please mark your calendar and plan to be a part of this wonderful day of giving to benefit a variety of Armed Forces Non-Profit Organizations.

Stand-To Match Day Participants:

[AFCF Grants Fund](#)

[Chaplain Family Care Fund](#)

[Fort Riley - Central Kansas Chapter AUSA](#)

[Homefront Heroes Ministries](#)

[Officers of the 1st Division](#)

[Servicemember Agricultural Vocation Education, Corp.](#)

[SSHH, Served Silent Homeless but not Hopeless](#)

[USO Kansas](#)

[Wounded Warriors United](#)

[Central Kansas Military Community Foundation](#)

[Flint Hills Veterans Coalition](#)

[Friends of the Fort Riley Museums](#)

[Kansas Honor Flight- Wamego High School](#)

[Ops Santa](#)

[The Society of the First Infantry Division](#)

[War Horses for Veterans, Inc.](#)

Online gifts can be made between 12:00 a.m. - 11:59 p.m. on November 11, 2021

Simply visit this website. On that day the homepage will become the giving form where you can indicate how much you'd like to give to each fund.

A donation tent will be set up outside City Hall, 1101 Poyntz Ave, from 8:00 am to 1:00 pm on Veterans Day, November 11. Donors may visit this location to drop off donations during that time. Please note that the Veterans Day Parade will take place on Poyntz from 9 - 11 am so parking will be limited during that time. In case of inclement weather, donations will be taken inside the City of Manhattan building lobby. Mailed gifts by check must be postmarked on or before November 11, 2021

MAIL TO: GMCF, P.O. Box 1127, Manhattan, KS 66505

Please include a completed "Stand To" donation form, which will be available for download from this website after October 20, 2021, and return with **one check for the total amount made payable to AFCF**

For more information, go to: <https://www.standtomatchday.com/>

What Happened Around the Farm

SAVE Farm 2021 Open House

On October 28th, the SAVE Farm hosted our 2021 Open House. The event this year provided us an opportunity to showcase the accomplishments and improvements that have been taking place on the farm as well as within the program. SAVE Farm would not have been able to make this such a great success without the help of current staff, students, and those who make things happen behind the scenes. We would like to say **THANK YOU** for your hard work and dedication.

The Open House provided SAVE Farm with the opportunity to show our supporters, both new and old, the vision in which we are taking the program. With representatives from multiple organizations and associations within the local area and Kansas, we are continuing to grow our partnerships in order to produce a world class education for our students.



Thank you again, to everyone that came out to join us on that day. We are so appreciative of your support for SAVE and the time that you spent with us. We are excited for the future and to have alongside us some great partners.

Providing a Helping Hand to Our Veterans



SAVE received a \$10,000 grant from the Bob Woodruff Foundation to fight food insecurity among veterans. Many veterans face challenges with mental and physical health and finding and maintaining employment after their military service. Many of the challenges faced by Veterans are due to circumstances related to their military service and unique demographic composition. In partnership with the Bob Woodruff Foundation, SAVE distributed a total of 90 \$100 food gift cards among four veteran organizations: U.S. Department of Veteran Affairs in Manhattan, KS; The American Legion WE-TA-SE Post 410 in Mayetta, KS; Hero's Among Us in Kansas City; and VFW Post 7397 in Lenexa, KS. These organizations played an invaluable part ensuring that the gift cards were issued to those most deserving. Without their support, we may not have been able to help so many.

Thank you to the Bob Woodruff Foundation and the generous funding from Craig Newmark Philanthropies for making this possible!

Seen here is Robert W. Jackson, Sr, Liaison Officer of The American Legion WE-TA-SE Post 410. Robert is standing next to a sign for his Legion Post. Rafael is in his office.

Daylight Savings Time

Expect the annual trick and treat of early sunsets and sleeping in due to daylight savings time coming to an end. On Sunday, November 7th, daylight savings time will end at 2 a.m. local time. It will be lighter earlier in the morning as well as darker in the evening after clocks “fall back.”

Benjamin Franklin first suggested the idea of Daylight-Savings in 1784 and it was not invented to benefit farmers. Frankling suggested that Parisians could save on candles by getting out of bed earlier in the morning, making use of the natural morning light instead. His suggestion seemed to have been more of a joke than a real proposal at the time, so nothing came of it.

The Germans were the first to officially adopt the light-extending system in 1915 as a fuel-saving measure during World War I. On May 1, 1916, Germany began observing Daylight Saving Time (DST) and the rest of Europe soon followed. It wasn't until the Standard Time Act of March 19, 1918, which confirmed the existing standard time zone system, set summer DST to begin on March 31st of that year and ending on October 27, 1918. Contrary to popular belief, the idea was unpopular, especially with farmers. To the farmers, Daylight Saving Time meant they spent less time in the morning to get their harvested crops and milk to the market. After the war, Congress abolished DST allowing DST to become a local option. A nationwide DST would not be established again until World War II. President Franklin Roosevelt instituted a year-round DST, called “War Time”, on February 9, 1942. It lasted until that last Sunday in September, September 30, 1945. After 1945, many states and cities east of the Mississippi River adopted summer DST.

By 1962, the transportation industry found the lack of consistency was confusing enough to ush for federal regulation, which resulted in the Uniform Time Act of 1966. Beginning in 1967, the act mandated standard time within the established time zones and provided for clocks to be advanced one hour beginning at 2:00 a.m. on the last Sunday in April and turned back one hour at 2:00 a.m. on the last Sunday in October. States were allowed to exempt themselves as long as the entire state did so. The act also required that states in DST in 1966 to start on the last Sunday in April and end it on the last Sunday in October in 1967. The act was amended in 1972, allowing those states that split between time zones to exempt either the entire state or that part of the state lying within a different time zone. The then newly created Department of Transportation (DOT) was given power to enforce the law.



In 1986, Congress amended the Uniform Time Act by changing the beginning of DST to the first Sunday in April and having the end remain the last Sunday in October. These start and end dates were in effect from 1987 until 2006. The time was adjusted at 2:00 a.m. local time. By the Energy Policy Act of 2005, DST was extended in the United States beginning in 2007. As from that year, daylight savings time begins on the second Sunday of March and ends on the first Sunday of November.